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## Altitudes

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*Problem:* Let  $\triangle ABC$  be an acute triangle with orthocenter  $H$ . Let  $D$ ,  $E$ , and  $F$  be the feet of the altitudes through  $A$ ,  $B$ , and  $C$ , respectively. Prove that

$$\frac{HD}{AD} + \frac{HE}{BE} + \frac{HF}{CF} = 1$$

*Solution:* Since  $AD$  is perpendicular to  $BC$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}(AD)(BC) = \text{Area}(\triangle ABC)$  and  $\frac{1}{2}(HD)(BC) = \text{Area}(\triangle HBC)$ . Similarly we have  $\frac{1}{2}(BE)(AC) = \text{Area}(\triangle ABC)$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}(HE)(AC) = \text{Area}(\triangle HAC)$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}(CF)(AB) = \text{Area}(\triangle ABC)$ , and  $\frac{1}{2}(HF)(AB) = \text{Area}(\triangle HAB)$ .

Thus

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{HD}{AD} + \frac{HE}{BE} + \frac{HF}{CF} &= \frac{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle HBC)}{(BC)(AD)} + \frac{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle HAC)}{(AC)(BE)} + \frac{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle HAB)}{(AB)(CF)} \\ &= \frac{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle HBC)}{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle ABC)} + \frac{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle HAC)}{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle ABC)} + \frac{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle HAB)}{2 \cdot \text{Area}(\triangle ABC)} \\ &= \frac{\text{Area}(\triangle HBC) + \text{Area}(\triangle HAC) + \text{Area}(\triangle HAB)}{\text{Area}(\triangle ABC)} \\ &= \frac{\text{Area}(\triangle ABC)}{\text{Area}(\triangle ABC)} \\ &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Note that this equation cannot hold if the triangle is obtuse, since (letting  $\angle ABC$  be the obtuse angle)  $\frac{HE}{BE} > 1$ . We tried two other reasonable sums of ratios and neither came out to be 1.

