## Example:

Find the x and y intercepts for $2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y}=2$. Then graph the equation verifying your answer.

Solution:

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\(2 \mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y}=2\)
\(2^{*} 0-y=2\)
\(y=-2 \quad y\)-intercept \(=(0,-2)\)
\(2 \mathrm{x}-0=2\)
\(\mathrm{x}=1\)
    x -intercept \(=(1,0)\)
```



1. $x-y=4$
2. $3 x-y=6$
3. $2 x+5 y=10$
4. $4 x-3 y=9$
5. $6 x+5 y=9$
6. $y=3 x+12$
7. $y=2 x-3$
8. $y=1 / 2 * x+4$
9. $y=3 / 2 * x-2$
$10 . \mathrm{y}=4 / 5^{*} \mathrm{x}+3$
